

Control Session

State Space

* Representation

- Controller Canonical
- observer "
- Parallel

* Analysis

* Design

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{x} &= Ax + Bu \\ y &= cx \end{aligned}$$

→ Controllability :-

change in $u \rightarrow$ change in x (All states)

→ B : non zero vector.

→ Controllable Canonical

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I \\ \boxed{a_1 \ a_2 \ a_3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

→ non zero element

observability

معناها ان اقدر اشوف ال (states) بناة ال (system).

$$y = Cx$$

→ C : non zero vector.
→ C : non zero element

$$[1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0]$$

(observer Canonical form) ← ال (matrix A) شكله في

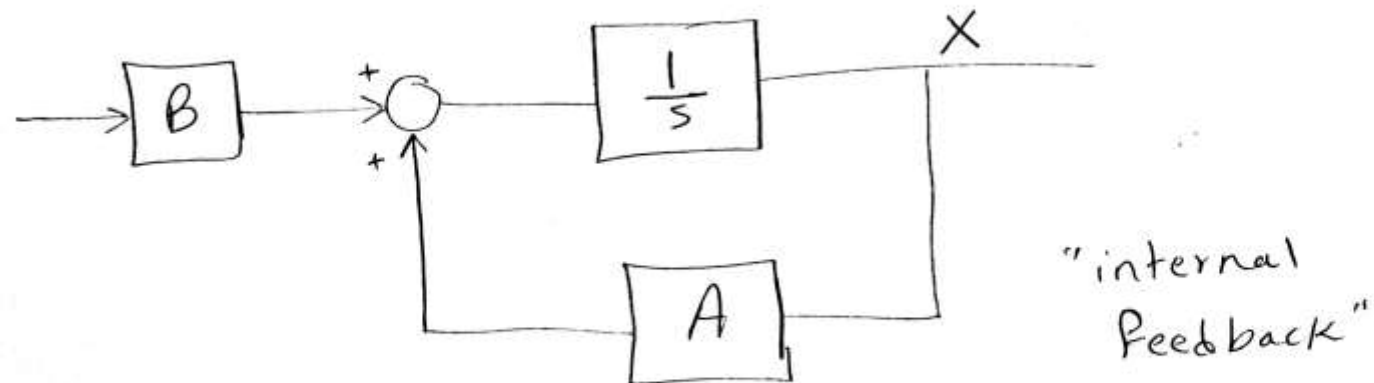
"Design"

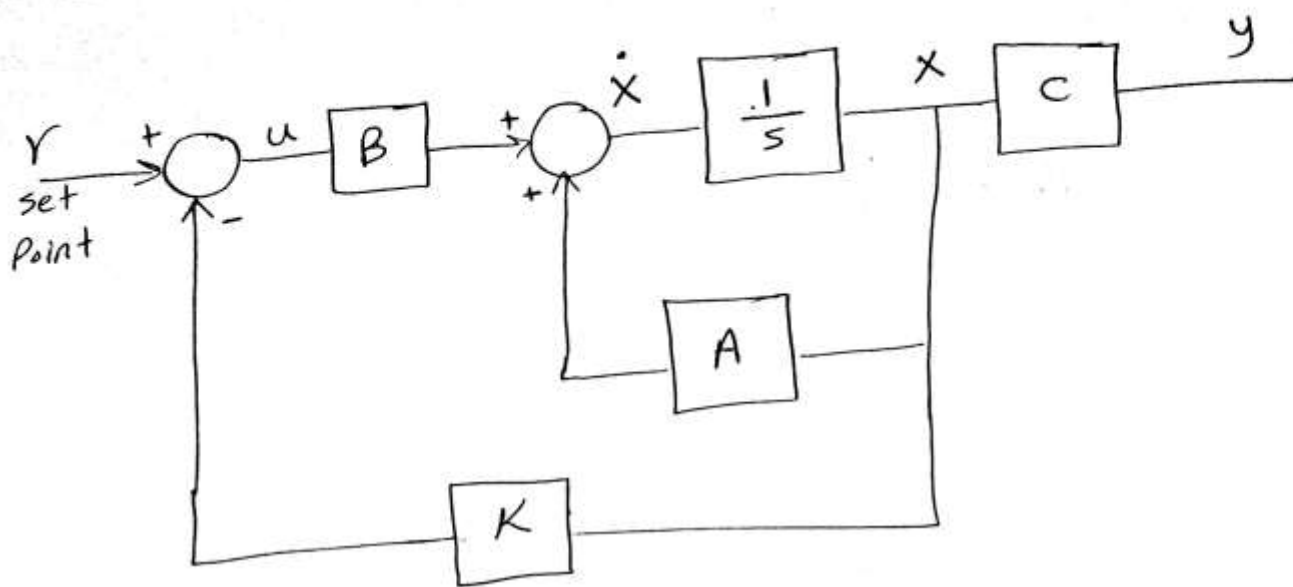
* Desired closed loop char eqn

$$\alpha(s) = 0$$

In state space

$$\text{o.l.t.f} \Rightarrow |sI - A| = 0$$

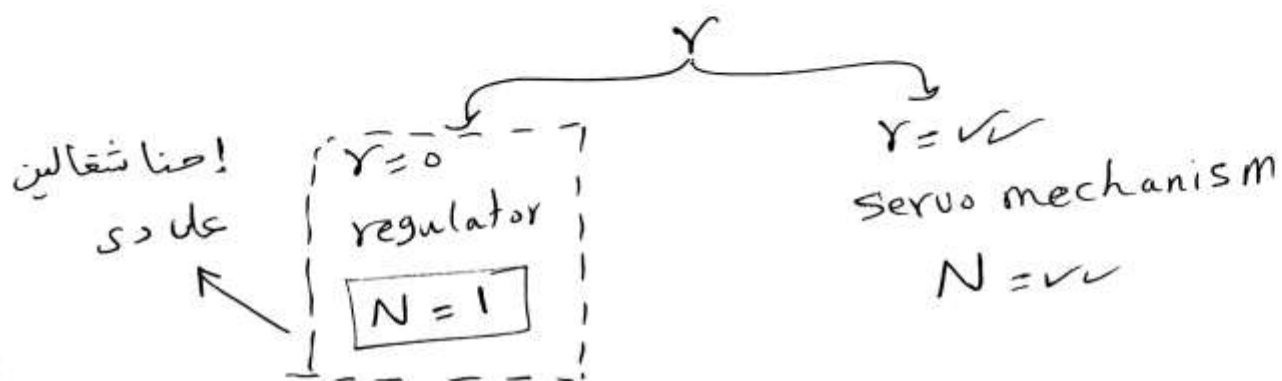




← si (Controller)

* ڏيکاريل (dynamics) ۽ (system) .

* چاهي ٿو (desired gain) .



C.L. system become

$$\dot{x} = Ax - BKx$$

$$= (A - BK)x$$

* c.l.c/c equation

$$|sI - (A - BK)| = 0$$

→ Control Target

choose K such that

$$|sI - A + BK| = \alpha_c(s)$$

1 Coefficient Comparison

2 Ackerman form $\rightarrow K = [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1] \tilde{M}_c^{-1} \alpha_c(A)$

Ex

$$\dot{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -a_1 & -a_2 & -a_3 \end{bmatrix} X + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

$$A - BK = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -a_1 & -a_2 & -a_3 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ K_1 & K_2 & K_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A-BK = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -a_1-K_1 & -a_2-K_2 & -a_3-K_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Given

$$\dot{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -3 & -6 & -7 \end{bmatrix} X + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u$$

→ Design state Feedback Controller such that desired C.L c/c eqn

$$\alpha_c(s) = s^3 + 12s^2 + 47s + 60$$

Sol

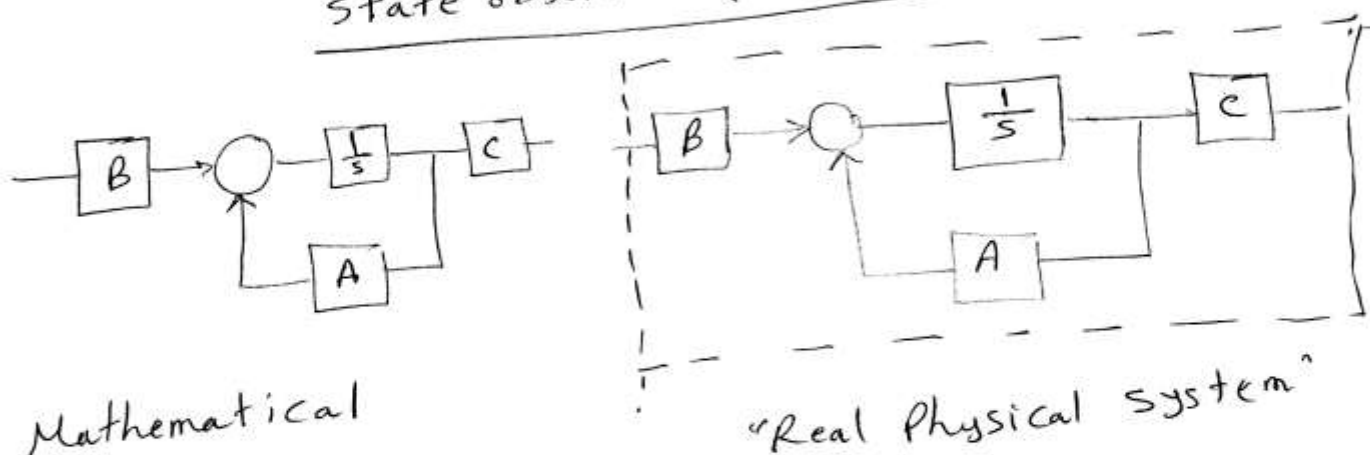
$$|sI - (A - BK)| = 0$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} s & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & s & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & s \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -3-K_1 & -6-K_2 & -7-K_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|sI - (A - BK)| = \begin{vmatrix} s & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & s & -1 \\ 3+K_1 & 6+K_2 & 7+K_2 \end{vmatrix}$$

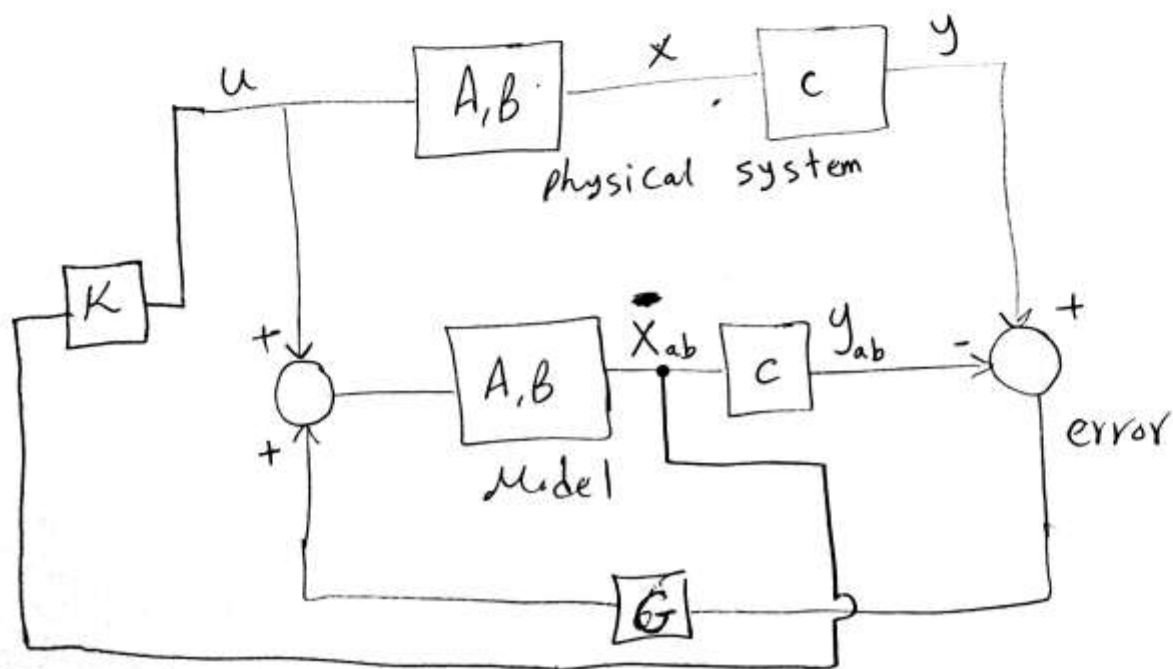
$$s^3 + (7+K_3)s^2 + (6+K_2)s + (3+K_1) = 0$$

state observers (estimation)



Mathematical
Model

"Real Physical System"



بالنسبة لـ G هي المفضل أعطى (Actions) حتى يصل الـ (error) $(y - y_{\text{des}})$.

صاخذ (Feedback) من الـ (model) عشاء انهم عليه الـ (Controller) يتاخي (الـ Feedback الخارج من K)

من الـ (observer) لازم يكون أسرع من الـ (system) نفسه لأنه الـ (system) يحتاج قرار معين على أساسه يقوم بعمل (action) معين فالـ (observer) يكون متواجد من أجل ذلك .

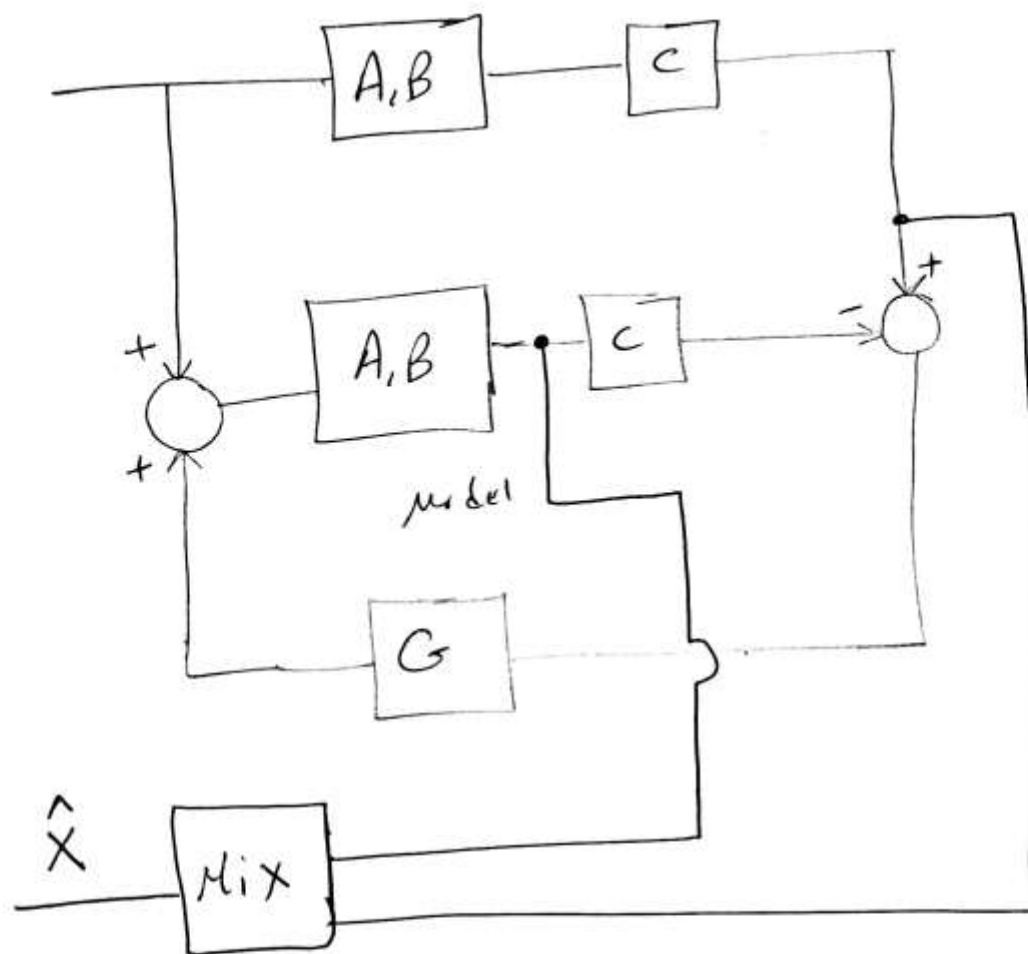
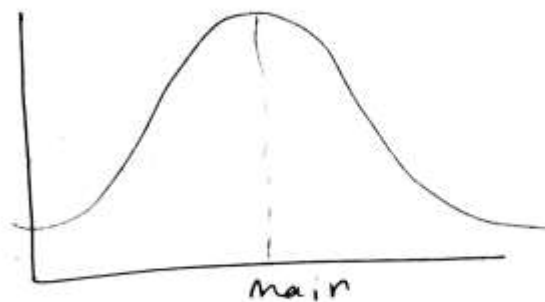
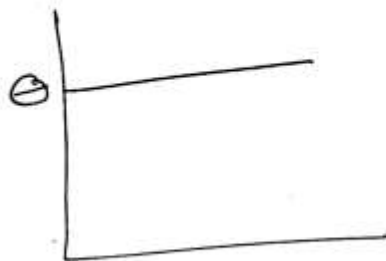
$$G = \alpha_0(A) M_0^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

الجزء القادم معلومات عامة

من حل لا يعمل (estimation) للـ system يكون الـ (model) الناتج صحيح ؟ لا طبعاً هناك نسبة error .

- 1 Model uncertainty (stochastic Form) ← يعني الـ (system) على أساس الـ (uncertainty)
- 2 sensor noise (stochastic Form)

stochastic Form



(software) \leftrightarrow (model) \leftarrow
 . (digital) \leftarrow